

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER. FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Viginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

•	* .		•	
APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/026,993	12/19/2001	John M. Fevig	PH-7263	1186
23914 7	590 06/25/2003			
STEPHEN B. DAVIS BRISTOL-MYERS SQUIBB COMPANY PATENT DEPARTMENT			EXAMINER	
			HABTE, KAHSAY	
P O BOX 4000 PRINCETON,	NJ 08543-4000		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1624	
			DATE MAILED: 06/25/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
•							
Office Action Summary	10/026,993	FEVIG ET AL.					
Office Action Cummary	Examiner	Art Unit					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	Kahsay Habte, Ph. D.	1624 correspondence address					
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06.	June 2003 <sup>°</sup> .	·					
, <del></del>	nis action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) 1-28 is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>9-11 and 14</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,12,13 and 15-28</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,12,13 and 15-28</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	·						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.  Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	·						
1. Certified copies of the priority documen	ts have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informa	ry (PTO-413) Paper No(s) I Patent Application (PTO-152)					
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office							

Art Unit: 1624

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-28 are pending.

#### Election/Restriction

2. Applicant's election with traverse of Group V, Claims 1-7 (in part), 8, 12, 13 (in part), 15-16 (in part), 17 and 18-28 (in part) in Paper No. 6 is acknowledged. The traversal is on the ground(s) that the coexamination of the additional groups would not require an additional burden of search. The coexamination of each of the additional groups would require search of subclasses unnecessary for the examination of the elected claims. For example, the search for the invention of Group I would include search of subclass 540/544, the search for the invention of Group II would include search of class 540 and subclasses 494, 556, and 579, the search for the invention of Group III would include search of class 544, subclasses 14 and 99, 530/412, the search for the invention of Group IV would include search of subclass 544/343, and the search for the invention of Group VI would include search of subclass 548/421. Therefore, coexamination of each of these additional inventions would require a serious additional burden of search.

The requirement is still deemed proper and is therefore made FINAL.

3. The claims are drawn to multiple inventions for reasons set forth in the restriction requirement. The claims are examined only to the extent that they read on the elected

Art Unit: 1624

invention. Cancellation of the non-elected subject matter is recommended in response to this Office Action.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-8, 12-13 and 15-28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention:

- a. Claim 1 and claims dependent thereon are rejected because in claim 1 (page 252, line 27), the phrase "R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> join to form a 5- or 6- membered ring" is not clear. What ring? What is the nature of the ring? Nature of heteroatoms? Carbocyclic or heterocyclic? Likewise in claim 2 (page 261, lines 28-29), the same problem exist.
- b. In claim 1 (page 252, lines 27-28 and page 255, lines 31-32) or elsewhere in the claims, the phrases " $R^2$  and  $R^3$  join to form a 5- or 6- membered ring optionally substituted with -O- or  $-N(R^4)$ -" or " $R1^2$  and  $R1^3$  join to form a 5- or 6- membered ring optionally substituted with -O- or  $-N(R^4)$ -" are not clear. Are oxygen and N atoms attached to the "ring" thru single bond or double bond? If it is thru single bond, applicants have to recite another substituent that is attached to oxygen or the nitrogen

Art Unit: 1624

atoms e.g. -OH, -O-alkyl,  $-NH(R^4)$ -"  $-N(R^4)alkyl$ , etc. Otherwise, it should be written in a divalent form i.e. =O or  $=N(R^4)$ .

- c. In claims 18-20, the compounds disclosed in Tables 1-3 have to be recited. It is required that applicants name the species or subgenera.
- d. In claims 22-25, a method for treating disorders associated with 5HT2C receptor modulation have been recited. The scope of claims 22-25 are unknown. Which diseases are these? Determining whether a given disease responds or does not respond to such mediator will surely involve undue experimentation. Suppose that a given modulator (agonist or antagonist) "compound X "or when administered to a patient with Disease D does not obtain a response. Does one then conclude that Disease D does not fall within this claim? Keep in mind that:

A. It may be that the next patient will respond. It is quite common for pharmaceuticals to work only with some people, not all. Thus, how many need to be tested?

B. It may be that the wrong dosage or dosage regimen was employed. It is quite common for pharmaceuticals to work at one dosage, but not at another which is significantly higher or lower. Furthermore, the dosage regimen may be vital --- should the drug be given e.g. once a day, or four times in divided dosages? Thus, how many dosages and dosage regimens must be tried before one is certain that this pharmaceutical won't affect Disease D?

Art Unit: 1624

C. It may be that X simply isn't potent enough for Disease D, but that another inhibitor Y is potent enough, so that D really does fall within the claim. Thus, how many different mediators must be tried before one concludes that D doesn't fall within the claim?

- D. Conversely, if D responds to Y but not to X, can one really conclude that D falls within the claim? It may be that the X result is giving the accurate answer, and that the success of Y arises from some other unknown property which Y is capable of.

  Thus, when mixed results are obtained, how many more pharmaceuticals need be tested?
- E. Finally, suppose that X really will work, but only when combined with Z. There are for example, agents in the antiviral and anticancer technology which are not themselves effective, but the disease will respond when the agents are combined with something else.
- F. In addition, literally speaking, any disorder can be treated with any drug, although the treatment might not be successful. Assuming that "successful treatment" is what is intended, what criterion is to be used? If one person in 10 responds to a given drug, does that mean that the disease is treatable? One in 100? 1,000? 10,000?

As a result, determining the true scope of the claim will involve extensive and potentially open-ended research. Without it, one skilled in the art cannot determine the actual scope of the claim. Hence, the claim is indefinite.

Art Unit: 1624

### Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kahsay Habte, Ph. D. whose telephone number is (703) 308-4717. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (9.00AM- 5:30PM).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mukund Shah can be reached on 703-308-4716. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-308-4556.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1235.

Kahsay Habte, Ph. D.

Examiner Art Unit 1624

KH June 23, 2003 Mark L. Berch Primary Examiner Art Unit 1624